

# MT

Seat No.

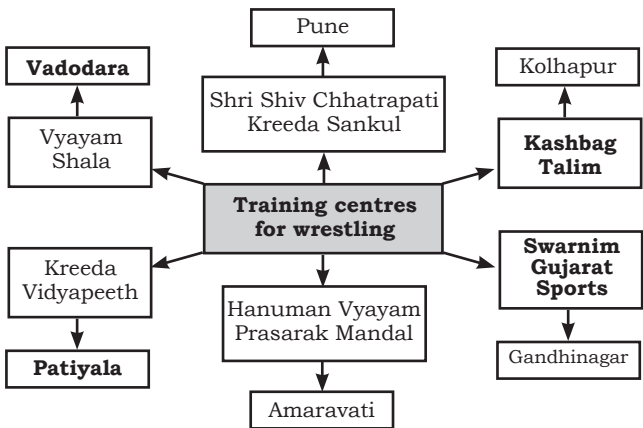
2018 .... 1100

MT - SOCIAL SCIENCE (73) History & Political Science - Semi Prelim I - PAPER V (E)

Time : 2 hrs. 30 min

MODEL ANSWER PAPER

Max. Marks : 60

<b>A.1.</b>	<b>(A) Choose the correct option and rewrite the complete answers :</b>	
(i)	<b>Sangeet Shakuntal</b> was a musical play written by Annasaheb Kirloskar.	1
(ii)	An encyclopaedia called as Bharatiya Samskruti Kosh was edited by <b>Mahadevshastri Joshi</b> .	1
(iii)	The birth date of <b>Major Dhyanchand</b> is celebrated as National Sports Day in India.	1
(iv)	Library of Ashurbanipal was attributed to <b>Assyrian Emperor of Mesopotamia</b> .	1
<b>A.1.</b>	<b>(B) Find the incorrect pair in every set and write the correct one.</b>	
(i)	Mallakhamb - Kathasaritasagar Balambhat Deodhar devised tactics of Mallakhamb.	1
(ii)	Crater Lake - Nighoj Crater Lake - Lonar	1
(iii)	Ahilyabai Holkar - arranged hiking tour to forts of Maharashtra Ahilyabai Holkar spent personal funds to provide facilities for Chardham and Bara Jyotirlinga.	1
(iv)	Tukadoji Maharaj - Janjagruti Tukadoji Maharaj is started a new form of Bhajan called as Khanjiri Bhajan.	1
<b>A.2.</b>	<b>(A) Complete the following concept maps. (Any Two)</b>	
(i)		2

(ii)	<pre> graph TD     A[Contribution of Dada Saheb Phalke] --&gt; B[Movies]     A --&gt; C[Documentaries]     B --&gt; B1[Raja Harishchandra]     B --&gt; B2[Mohini Bhasmasur]     B --&gt; B3[Savitri Satyawana]     C --&gt; C1[Rock cut Caves of Verul]     C --&gt; C2[Pilgrim centres of Nashik and Tryambakeshwar] </pre>	2
(iii)	<pre> graph TD     A[University/Institution which offer courses in Museology] --&gt; B[National Museum, Delhi]     A --&gt; C[Maharaj Sayajirao, University, Vadodara]     A --&gt; D[Kolkata University, Kolkata]     A --&gt; E[Jivaji University, Gwalior]     A --&gt; F[Banaras Hindu University, Varanasi]     A --&gt; G[Aligarh Muslim University, Aligarh] </pre>	2
<b>A.2. (B) Write the short notes. (Any Two)</b>		
(i)	<p>(i) The field of sports in the 20th and 21st century was naturally influenced by the process of globalization.</p> <p>(ii) The international matches of various sports like cricket, football, lawn tennis can be in any corner of the world watched in on television.</p> <p>(iii) Citizens of the non-participant countries can also enjoy these matches. For instance, the world cup winning match played by Indian cricketers was watched by cricket fans all over the world.</p> <p>(iv) Sports fans scattered all over the world have significantly affected the entire structure of sports economy.</p>	2
(ii)	<p>(i) There is a rich tradition of creating encyclopaedias on history related subjects.</p> <p>(ii) An important encyclopaedia of this type is Bhartvarshiya Charitrakosh.</p> <p>(iii) Siddheshwarshastri Chitrav established a committee known as Bharatiya Chartitrakosh Mandal for publishing this encyclopaedia. Three volumes were published namely, Bharatvarshiya Prachin</p>	2

	<p>Chitrakosh (1932), Bharatvarshiya Madhyayugin Chartitrakosh (1937) and Bharatvarshiya Arvachin Charitrakosh (1946).</p> <p>(iv) The first volume includes information on the lives of individuals mentioned in the Vedic literature including Shruti, Smruti, Sutras, Vedangas, Upnishads, also Puranas, Jain and Buddhist literature. Similarly other two volumes contain biographies of individuals in the respective periods.</p>	
(iii)	<p>(i) In sports and history, there is a close tie between them. Students of history can find many in the field of sports journalism.</p> <p>(ii) One needs to resort to history in order to write articles, reviews about sports events like Olympics or Asiad or national and international matches.</p> <p>(iii) Expert commentators are in demand during sports matches. An expert commentator needs to have good knowledge of history, statistics, previous records, eminent players, historical anecdotes etc. related to the concerned game.</p> <p>(iv) Matches of various sports like cricket, football, kabaddi, chess etc. are shown live on television on various channels. The role of professionals who track and keep record of these telecasts from various channels has become very important. There are many professional opportunities available in this field.</p> <p>(v) Trained referees are required to pass qualifying examinations. Qualified referees can work at district, state, national and international levels.</p> <p>(vi) There are reserved seats for them in the government and private establishments.</p>	<b>2</b>
<b>A.3.</b>	<b>(A) Explain the statements with reasons. (Any Two)</b>	
(i)	<p>(i) From the technical point of view the management of archives is akin to library management.</p> <p>(ii) Preserving documents with important content in their original condition, preparing indexes and creating accurate systems of retrieval of documents when required are the important task in the management of archives.</p> <p>(iii) Documents from the archives are supposed to be very reliable. Because of the heavy dependency on computerized systems information technology has become an inevitable part of the management of libraries and archives.</p>	<b>3</b>
(ii)	<p>(i) A film comprises of several factors such as script, director, artists, makeup, costumes, stage, art design, lighting arrangement, etc.</p>	<b>3</b>

	<p>(ii) In order to achieve accuracy in the fields a deep knowledge of history is important.</p> <p>(iii) Films actually take the viewers into the era depicted history gives an access to that era creating a visual impact and aura to the viewers.</p>	
(iii)	<p>(i) Sports and Greeks is a very ancient equation.</p> <p>(ii) The Greeks were the first to standardize the rules of sports and organize them systematically.</p> <p>(iii) They started sports competitions of discus throw, Horse and chariot races, wrestling and boxing, etc.</p> <p>(iv) The ancient event of Olympic competitions used to be held at Olympia Greece.</p>	3
(iv)	<p>(i) Information or knowledge in encyclopaedia is arranged and organised in a specific method making it available with utmost accessibility.</p> <p>(ii) Accuracy, meticulousness objectivity, standardisation of presentation and updated information are the criteria considered for designing the structure of an encyclopaedia.</p> <p>(iii) Encyclopaedia is either arranged in alphabetical order or according to the order of the topics.</p> <p>(iv) An Index at the end of it confirms convenience of the readers and easy accessibility of information.</p> <p>(v) Revised editions or supplements to original edition also aids in systematic compilation of knowledge.</p>	3
(vi)	<p>(i) The world cup winning match played by Indian cricketers was watched by cricket fans all over the world.</p> <p>(ii) Sports fans scattered all over the world have significantly affected the entire structure of sports economy.</p> <p>(iii) Fans watch the matches for entertainment, industrial and commercial companies look at it as a very good opportunity to advertise their ware.</p>	3
<b>A.3.</b>	<b>(B) Answer in brief. (Any Two)</b>	
(i)	<p>(i) To play is a natural instinct of human beings. Hence, the history of sports begins with the origin of mankind.</p> <p>(ii) Various games are being played since the beginning of civilization.</p> <p>(iii) Hunting was indeed a way of obtaining food for the ancient people but it was also looked upon as a game and entertainment.</p> <p>(iv) The ancient Indian literature and epics mention various games such as games of dice (dyut), wrestling, horse and chariot races and chess.</p>	3

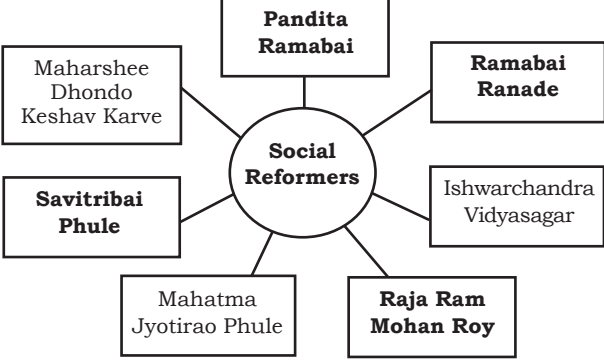












(ii)	<p>(i) From the technical point of view the management of archives is akin to library management.</p> <p>(ii) Preserving documents with important content in their original condition, preparing indexes and creating accurate systems of retrieval of documents are the important tasks in the management of archives.</p> <p>(iii) Documents from the archives are supposed to be very reliable.</p> <p>(iv) Because of the heavy dependency on computerised systems information technology has become an inevitable part of the management of libraries and archives.</p>	<b>3</b>
(iii)	<p>(i) The crucial issue in the development of tourism is providing proper guidance to national and international tourist about various aspects of the actual travel, proper social conduct during the tour and during their stay at the destination places.</p> <p>(ii) Giving priority to ensure safe transport and security facilities for the tourists, amenities of reasonably good standard, availability of good accommodation, good washroom facilities on the travel routes is of great significance in promoting tourism.</p> <p>(iii) It is very important to pay special attention to the special needs of handicapped tourist.</p> <p>(iv) It is important to take a primary precautions in order to preserve the historical heritage sites Eg. vandalizing or defacing the heritage monument and sites.</p> <p>(v) In order to avoid it everybody should refrain from writing on walls or carving on trees, paint ancient movements in garish colours, lack of good amenities in the precincts of the heritages sites etc.</p>	<b>3</b>
<b>A.4. Read the following passage and answer the questions.</b>		
(i)	The honour of making and releasing the first full length movie goes to Maharashtra.	<b>1</b>
(ii)	The contribution of Madanrao Madhavrao Pitale, the Patwardhan family of Kalyan, Harishchandra Sakharam Bhatvadekar is considered very important in the development of Indian movies.	<b>1</b>
(iii)	Raja Harishchandra, a movie directed by Dadasheb Phalke is the first movie to be processed completely in India in 1913.	<b>1</b>
(iv)	Some of the silent movies by Dadasaheb Phalke are Mohini Bhasmasur and Savitri Satyavana.	<b>1</b>

<b>A.5.</b>	<b>Answer in detail. (Any Two)</b>	
(i)	<p>(i) The means and equipment for the entertainment and education of children are called toys.</p> <p>(ii) Clay toys have been found in archaeological excavations. These toys were fashioned either by hands or by using moulds.</p> <p>(iii) Dolls are mentioned in the ancient Indian literature. A Sanskrit play is named Mrichchhakatika. It means a clay cart.</p> <p>(iv) Toys can throw light on history and technological development.</p> <p>(v) As a part of traditional Diwali celebrations in Maharashtra model forts are made.</p> <p>(vi) Clay images of Chhatrapati Shivaji Maharaj and his soldiers are placed on this model forts, this tradition keeps the memory alive of the important role of forts in the history of Maharashtra.</p> <p>(vii) An ivory doll made by Indian craftsmen was found in the excavation of Pompeii, it throws light on the Indo-Roman trade relations.</p> <p>(viii) Thus, toys found in archaeological excavations can tell us about cultural contacts between nations in ancient times.</p>	<b>4</b>
(ii)	<p>(1) Bhilar is a village near Mahableshwar in Satara district. Maharashtra state Government declared it as India's first 'Village of books' .</p> <p>(2) Every house hold maintains a library of its own for the tourist to enjoy.</p> <p>(3) Maharashtra State Government has implemented this scheme with a view to accelerate the 'Reading culture' movement for the reader tourist to enjoy the beauty of Marathi literature enriched by the works of old and new authors and saints.</p> <p>(4) It includes various types of texts like biographies, autobiographies, fiction, poetry, literature by women, literature on sports, literature on kids.</p>	<b>4</b>
(iii)	<p><b>(a) Saraswati Mahal Granthalaya :</b></p> <p>(i) The 'Saraswati Mahal Granthalay' in Thanjavur, Tamil Nadu was built in 16th - 17th century, during the times of Nayak dynasty.</p> <p>(ii) In 1675 CE Vyankojiraje Bhosale conquered Thanjavur and established his independent rule.</p> <p>(iii) Vyankojiraje Bhosale and his successors kept expanding 'Saraswati Mahal Granthalaya'.</p> <p>(iv) Sarfojiraje Bhosale contributed the most in this expansion.</p> <p>(v) In 1918 the library was renamed as 'The Thanjavur Maharaja Sarfoji's Saraswati Mahal Library' in his honour.</p>	<b>4</b>

	<p><b>(b) Imperial Record Department :</b></p> <p>(i) The first official archive of India, the 'Imperial Record Department', was established in 1891 CE in Kolkata. It was shifted to Delhi in 1911 CE.</p> <p>(ii) In 1998 CE the then President of India, Honourable K.R. Narayanan opened the archives for public.</p> <p>(iii) It is a department under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Culture of the Indian Government.</p> <p>(iv) The documents have been preserved here in a chronological order from 1748.</p> <p>(v) It includes records in English, Arabic, Hindi, Persian, Sanskrit and Urdu languages. It also includes records in Modi script.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b><u>POLITICAL SCIENCE</u></b></p>	
<b>A.6.</b>	<b>Choose the correct alternative.</b>	
(i)	The major challenges faced by all democratic nations in the world is <b><u>Religious conflicts.</u></b>	<b>1</b>
(ii)	<b><u>Tarun Bharat Sangh</u></b> was an organisation established by Dr. Rajendrasinh Rana.	<b>1</b>
(iii)	Election Commission gave <b><u>Trinamool Congress</u></b> party recognition as national party in 2016.	<b>1</b>
(iv)	National Conference strives to protect <b><u>autonomous</u></b> status of Jammu and Kashmir.	<b>1</b>
<b>A.7.</b>	<b>Explain whether following statements are true or false with explanation. (Any Two)</b>	
(i)	<b>True.</b>	<b>2</b>
	(i) Government's working capacity is reduced due to corruption at political and administrative levels.	
	(ii) Corruptions in electoral process, bogus voting, bribing the voters, abducting the voters and such other things reduces people's confidence in democratic process.	
(ii)	<b>False.</b>	<b>2</b>
	(i) The belief that coalition government brings instability was proved wrong by the political party system in our country.	
	(ii) In fact, coalition government system is stabilized in India.	
(iii)	<b>False.</b>	<b>2</b>
	(i) Without a leader, active participation of the people and success of the movement is not possible.	
	(ii) Leaders are the links between the people and the government.	

	(iii) Leaders keep the movement active, they chalk out the objectives was programmes of action and the strategy of agitation. (iv) Strong leadership makes the movement effective.	
<b>A.8.</b>	<b>(A) Explain the following concepts. (Any Two)</b>	
(i)	(i) In the pre-independence period, the British government deprived tribal people of their right to livelihood on forest resources. (ii) There was a Tribal uprising in Kolam from Chota Nagpur, Gond from Orissa, Koli, Bhilla and Ramoshi from Maharashtra, Santhal and Munda from Bihar. (iii) Tribals in India face several problems. One major problem is, they are denied right over forests. (iv) The main demand of the tribal movement is to accept their right over forests. (v) They should be allowed to collect products of forests and also should have a right to cultivate on forest land.	<b>2</b>
(ii)	(i) In India, extent of corruption is very high in public sector. (ii) Government's working capacity is reduced due to corruption at political and administrative levels. (iii) People develop distrust and dissatisfaction about the entire governmental system due to delay in governmental work, poor public services and facilities and different financial blunders. (iv) Corruption in the electoral process, bogus voting, bribing the voters, abducting the voters and such other things reduces people's confidence in democratic process.	<b>2</b>
(iii)	In politics when two political parties are influential and if political parties enjoy power alternatively, the party system is called a two party system.	<b>2</b>
<b>A.8.</b>	<b>(B) Do as instructed. (Any Two)</b>	
(i)	<pre> graph TD     A[Worker's Movement] --&gt; B[In 1899 Railway Workers went on strike]     B --&gt; C[In 1920, Establishment of the first organization to resolve the issues of workers.]     C --&gt; D[In 1960 to 1970 decade several agitations by Trade Union Workers.]     D --&gt; E[In 1980 Disintegration of Trade Union Movement] </pre>	<b>2</b>



(ii)		2															
(iii)	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>Symbols</th> <th>Party</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>(1)</td> <td></td> <td><b>Shiv Sena</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td>(2)</td> <td></td> <td><b>Bhartiya Janata Party</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td>(3)</td> <td></td> <td><b>Assam Gan Parishad</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td>(4)</td> <td></td> <td><b>Congress</b></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Symbols	Party	(1)		<b>Shiv Sena</b>	(2)		<b>Bhartiya Janata Party</b>	(3)		<b>Assam Gan Parishad</b>	(4)		<b>Congress</b>	2
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<b>A.9. Answer in brief. (Any Two)</b>																	
(i)	<p>Following reforms were pursued for women in the pre-independence period :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) Elimination of injustice against women and ending their exploitation.</li> <li>(ii) Help them in leading a respectful life and their active involvement in social life.</li> <li>(iii) Ending the practices of Sati and child marriages.</li> <li>(iv) Widow remarriage.</li> <li>(v) Women education and right to vote for women.</li> </ul>	2															
(ii)	<p>To get recognition as a National party, the Election Commission has prescribed the following conditions :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) The political party should secure minimum 6% of the valid votes in four or more States in the earlier Lok Sabha or State Assembly elections and minimum 4 members should be elected in the Lok Sabha from any state or states in the earlier elections. <b>OR</b></li> </ul>	2															

	<p>(b) The candidates of a party should be elected from minimum 2% constituencies out of the total Lok Sabha constituencies and from minimum 3 states.</p>	
(iii)	<p>(i) In British India, farmers organised against antiagricultural policies and revenue collection ways of the colonial rule.</p> <p>(ii) Such farmers' movements in Bardoli and Champaranya are well known. They were inspired by the thoughts of Mahatma Phule, Justice Ranade and Mahatma Gandhi.</p> <p>(iii) In the post independence period, Green Revolution did not benefit the poor farmers creating a divide between rich and poor farmers. Dissatisfaction among poor farmers led to the beginning of farmers movement.</p> <p>(iv) Appropriate price for agricultural products, agriculture should be treated as an industry. recommendations of Swaminathan Commission should be accepted, debt relief, debt cancellations. National Policy for Agriculture are some of the demands of the farmers movement.</p> <p>(v) Shetkari Sanghatana, Bharatiya Kisan Union, All India Kisan Sabha are some of the important farmers organisations in India.</p>	2
(iv)	<p>Regional parties came into existence in India in the post independent period. However, over the years their nature and role has changed significantly.</p> <p><b>(a) Separatist Movement :</b></p> <p>(i) Initially regional identities gave rise to the separatist movements. The demands for independent Khalistan, Dravidistan were made with the objective of parting from the Indian federation and exist as an independent State</p> <p>(ii) Regional parties from Punjab, Tamil Nadu, and Jammu and Kashmir has made such demands.</p> <p><b>(b) Demand for autonomous State :</b></p> <p>(i) The demands of regional parties gradually changed.</p> <p>(ii) Instead of an independent state, they started demanding more autonomy.</p> <p>(iii) This was the second stage in the development of regional parties. This stage began after 1990.</p> <p><b>(c) Demand for development of region :</b></p> <p>(i) The regional parties demanded that for the development of the region, people from region should get power at state and national level. For example, Shiv Sena, Telugu Desam etc.</p>	2

- (ii) The regional parties in North East gave up their demand of separatism and demanded for autonomy. The regional parties from North East are now entering in mainstream of national politics.

